## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
VS.	)	Case No. 13-cr-40053-005-JPG
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DEBORAH S. ROGERS,	)	
Defendant.	)	

## MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

This matter comes before the Court on Assistance Federal Public Defender Judith A. Kuenneke's Motion to Withdraw (Doc. 300). Counsel Kuenneke entered her appearance for the sole purpose of determining whether Defendant Deborah S. Roger was eligible for application of the 2014 retroactive guideline amendment.

Defendant pled guilty to two counts of possession of pseudoephedrine knowing it would be used to manufacture methamphetamine. At sentencing on September March 21, 2014, the Court found by a preponderance of the evidence that Defendant's relevant conduct yielded a base offense level of 32 reduced by three levels pursuant to USSG § 3E1.1(a) and (b) for acceptance of responsibility for a total offense level of 29 where the guideline imprisonment range is 108 to 135. The Court imposed a sentence of 70 months with credit of 13 months' time served on a related state court case. (Doc. 177).

Section 3582(c)(2) allows the Court to reduce a defendant's previously imposed sentence where "a defendant . . . has been sentenced to a term of imprisonment based on a sentencing range that has subsequently been lowered by the Sentencing Commission pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 994(o)." In doing so, the Court must consider the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a) and must ensure that any reduction "is consistent with applicable policy statements issued by the Sentencing Commission." 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2). Thus, a defendant urging a sentence reduction under

§ 3582(c)(2) must satisfy two criteria: (1) the Sentencing Commission must have lowered the

applicable guideline sentencing range, and (2) the reduction must be consistent with applicable

policy statements issued by the Sentencing Commission. If the defendant cannot satisfy the first

criterion, the Court cannot grant the reduction request. See United States v. Taylor, 778 F.3d 667,

762 (7th Cir. 2015).

The Court cannot grant Defendant a reduction because she cannot satisfy the first criterion.

The Defendant was not "sentenced to a term of imprisonment based on a sentencing range that has

subsequently been lowered by the Sentencing Commission pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 994(o)." 18 U.S.C.

§ 3582(c)(2). The Sentencing Commission promulgated Amendment 782 to amend U.S.S.G. §

2D1.1(c) as of November 1, 2014, to lower base offense levels associated with various drug amounts.

However, Defendant's March 21, 2014, sentence was calculated using Amendment 782 and already

reflects the reductions implemented by that guideline amendment. Thus, her sentencing range has

not "subsequently been lowered by the Sentencing Commission pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 994(o)." 18

U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2).

Because the Defendant cannot satisfy the first criterion under 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2) for

obtaining a sentence reduction, the Court cannot grant a reduction request. See Taylor, 778 F.3d at

762. The Government filed a response (Doc. 304)) to Counsel's Motion to Withdraw agreeing that

Defendant Rogers received the benefit of Amendment 782 at sentencing. As such, Assistance

Federal Public Defender Judith A. Kuenneke's Motion to Withdraw (Doc. 300) is **GRANTED**. The

Clerk of Court is **DIRECTED** to send a copy of this order to the Defendant.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

**DATED:** 9/8/2015

s/J. Phil Gilbert

J. PHIL GILBERT

**DISTRICT JUDGE**